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During the month of January, 1911, 5,333 emigrants were inspected, passed, and vaccinated, of whom 1,976 were Russians, and whose medical certificates showed that they had been in quarantine for at least five days before embarking.

No quarantinable disease was discovered among them.

As according to the latest official reports the cases of cholera in Russia have considerably diminished, the Prussian secretary for educational, religious, and public-health affairs and the secretary of the interior have authorized the presidents of the provincial governments, under date of January 23, to discontinue compulsory disinfection and bathing adopted for Russian emigrants at the control stations at the German frontier.

HAWAII.

Record of Plague Infection.

Last case of human plague at Honolulu occurred July 12, 1910. The last plague-infected rat was found at Aiea, 9 miles from Honolulu, April 12, 1910.

At Hilo the last case of human plague occurred March 23, 1910. A fatal case occurred at Honokaa, 60 miles from Hilo, December 17, 1910, and 2 fatal cases were reported January 31, 1911.

The last plague-infected rat was found at Honokaa, December 20,

1910.

Passed Asst. Surg. Ramus reports in regard to plague-prevention work, February 1:

HONOLULU.

Week ended January 28, 1911.

Total rats and mongoose taken	59 9
Rats trapped	594
Mongoose trapped	4
Rats found dead (Mus norvegicus)	1
Examined bacteriologically	51 3
Classification of rats trapped:	
Mus alexandrinus.	87
Mus musculus.	16 6
Mus norvegicus	65
Mus rattuš	276
Average number of traps set daily	720

Smallpox on Steamship Chiyo Maru.

Dr. Ramus reported February 17 a case of smallpox on the steam-ship *Chiyo Maru* from Yokohama.

INDIA.

Calcutta-Cholera, Plague, and Smallpox.

Acting Asst. Surg. Allan reports January 19:

During the week ended December 31, 1910, there were reported at Calcutta 14 deaths from cholera, 8 from plague, and 1 from smallpox; in all Bengal, 1,482 cases of plague with 1,258 deaths; in all India, 11,485 cases of plague with 8,892 deaths.